# Bacterial Vaginosis Facts

Bacterial Vaginosis (BV) is one of the most common vaginal infections and occurs when the normal balance of bacteria in the vagina is disrupted.

## Possible Signs and Symptoms

- Some women report having no symtpoms
- Unpleasant vaginal odor
- Abnormal discharge from vagina, usually a white or gray color
- Burning or painful sensation while urinating
- Itching around outside of vagina

### Transmission

- Occurs when the normal balance of bacteria in the vagina is disrupted. This can occur for many reasons, some of which might be:
  - -Having a new sex partner or multiple sex partners
  - -Douching
  - -Using an IUD (intrauterine device) for birth control

### Prevention

- Abstain from oral, anal, and vaginal sex
- Consistent, correct use of latex or polyurethane condoms or barriers during oral, anal, or vaginal sex
- Limit number of sexual partners
- Do not douche
- Avoid sexual contact until treatment of BV is completed, even if symptoms go away

For more information about STDs or about testing and treatment in New Jersey, please call the HIV/STD hotline or visit our web site:

1~800~624~2377

http://www.nj.gov/health/cd/stdhome.htm

### Treatment

- Examination and tests by a health care provider to diagnose and determine best course of treatment
- Treatment includes medications (antibiotics) prescribed by a health care provider
- Follow-up examination can help ensure that treatment has been successful
- Male partners generally do not need to be treated but BV can pass between female partners
- BV can recur after treatment

# Complications/Effects if Left Untreated

- Can increase risk for infection of HIV and other STDs
- Can increase chances of HIV infected woman passing HIV to a partner
- Possible complications if woman is pregnant
- Increase in risk of acquiring PID following surgical procedures such as hysterectomy or an abortion

# Help Stop the Spread of Infection...

- Refrain from sexual contact (oral, anal, or vaginal sex)
- Seek medical attention
- Refrain from any sexual activity with others until your treatment has been completed
- Take all medications prescribed, even if you no longer have symptoms



